

401 Grove Street Healdsburg, CA 95448-4723

> Phone (707) 431-3346 Fax: (707) 431-2710

Visit us at www.ci.healdsburg.ca.us

Mr. Mark Stretars
Senior Water Resource Control Engineer, Petitions Unit
State Water Resources Control Board
P.O. Box 2000
Sacramento, CA 95812-2000

November 4, 2002

RE: City of Healdsburg – Water Rights Permit Nos. 7847 and 11039 (Application Nos. 13217 and 17121)

Dear Mr. Stretars:

Please find attached completed Petitions for Extension of Time for the two permits referenced above, as well as the required SWRCB and Department of Fish and Game petition fees. The City is requesting 10-year extensions for these permits, as explained in the attached forms.

Please contact me at (707) 431-3369 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

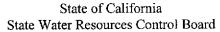
Jim Flugum

Senior Civil Engineer

City of Healdsburg

cc: Jennifer L. Harder, Downey, Brand, Seymour & Rohwer LLP (555 Capitol Mall, 10th floor, Sacramento, CA 95814)

2000 \$17000 2000 \$17000



STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

DIVISION OF WATER RIGHTS
P.O. Box 2000, Sacramento, CA 95812-2000 NOV -7 AM II: 18
Info: (916) 341-5300, FAX: (916) 341-5400, Web: http://www.waterrights.ca.gov
DIV. OF WATER RIGHTS
SACRAMENTO

WATER USERS:
Application 17121 Permit 11039 (Gauntlett Well Field)
Water Code section 1396 requires an applicant to exercise due diligence in developing a water supply for beneficial use. The State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), in considering requests for extension of time, will review the facts presented to determine whether there is good cause for granting an extension of time to complete the project. Where diligence in completing the project is not fully substantiated, the SWRCB may set the matter for hearing to determine the facts upon which to base formal action relating to the permit. Formal action may involve:
1. Revoking the permit for failure to proceed with due diligence in completing the project.
2. Issuing a license for the amount of water heretofore placed to beneficial use under the terms of the permit.
3. Granting a reasonable extension of time to complete construction work and/or full beneficial use of water.
The time previously allowed in your permit within which to complete construction work and/or use of water has either expired or will expire shortly.
Please check below the action you wish taken on this permit.
☐ The project has been abandoned and I request revocation of the permit.
Signature Full use of water has been made, both as to amount and season, and I request license be issued.
Signature The project is not yet complete. I request the SWRCB's consideration of the following petition for an extension of time.
PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME If START of construction has been delayed
Complete items 1, 2, and 3.
1. What has been done since permit was issued toward commencing construction?
Estimate date construction work will begin.
3. Reasons why construction work was not begun within the time allowed by the permit.

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME If construction work is proceeding

If construction work and/or use of water is proceeding but is not complete, an extension of time may be petitioned by completing items 4 through 16. Statements must be restricted to construction or use of water only under this permit.

4.	A 10 - year extension of time is requested to complete construction work and/or beneficial use of water (Indicate number of years).					
5.	How much water has been used? 1,690 (1991) acre-feet/year 310 (2000) cfs					
6.	How many acres have been irrigated? N/A					
7.	How many houses or people have been served water? Population 11,300					
8.	Extent of past use of water for any other purpose. N/A					
9.	What construction work has been completed during the last extension? See Response to 13 Attached					
10.	200 000					
11.	Estimate date construction work will be completed. 2008					
12.	2012					
by p	Reasons why construction and/or use of water were not completed within time previously allowed. See Attached e use of water is for municipal (including industrial) and irrigation supplies and is provided or regulated ublic agencies and use of the water has commenced, but additional time is needed to reach full use emplated, the following information must be provided.					
14.	What water conservation measures are in effect or feasible within the place of use?					
15.	How much water is being conserved or is it feasible to conserve using these conservation measures?					
16.	How much water per capita is used during the maximum 30-day period? gpd.					
	e) declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge belief.					
Date	d: Nov 4 , 2002, at HEADSBURG , California					
	Theren (701) 431.3346					
	Signature(s) Telephone No.					

NOTE: A \$50 FEE MADE PAYABLE TO THE State Water Resources Control Board must accompany a petition for an extension of time. An \$850 feet made payable to the Department of Fish and Game must accompany all <u>but the first</u> petition for an extension of time.

Supplement to Petition for Extension of Time Application A17121, Permit 11039 Russian River (Gauntlett Well Field)

13. Reasons why construction and/or use of water were not completed within the time previously allowed.

The City of Healdsburg's Gauntlett Well Field was constructed and first put into operation in the 1950's. The City has previously filed for extensions of time to allow it sufficient time to reach its permitted annual diversion and rate limits, 1860 AFA and 4.0 cfs, respectively. Diversions covered by this permit and the City's two other permits (8594 and 7847) serve a total City population of 11,300.

In June of 1999, the Department of Health Services (DHS) reissued the City's Domestic Water Supply Permit with a seasonal restriction on the use of the Fitch and Gauntlett well fields because of their inability "... to consistently and reliably produce water that meets the 0.5 NTU turbidity performance standard during times of high river flow." The new permit restricted the use of these wells to the dry season months only (May 1st through October 31st).

In addition to its impacts on annual diversions from the Fitch and Gauntlett well fields, the seasonal restriction imposed by DHS has left the City with inadequate production capacity during the spring and fall months. DHS has required that the City take steps to address this capacity shortfall. To eliminate this shortfall, the City will construct microfiltration treatment facilities for the Fitch and Gauntlett well fields that will allow it to meet treatment standards year-round and eliminate the seasonal restriction. The treatment facility will be combined at one site and sized to accommodate the current combined diversion rate limits from the Fitch and Gauntlett well fields (3.0 cfs and 4.0 cfs, respectively, for a total of 7.0 cfs.) The estimated cost of the combined treatment facility is approximately \$9.0 million.

The City pilot-tested microfiltration treatment equipment in February and March of 2002, and is currently starting design work on the treatment system. The treatment facilities will be constructed in two phases to minimize rate impacts. The first phase is scheduled to be constructed in 2003, and will provide about 60% of the production capacity. The second and final phase is scheduled to be constructed in 2008.

The City is requesting a time extension until December 31, 2012 to full beneficial use under Permit 11039.

State of California
State Water Resources Control Board

DIVISION OF WATER RIGHTS

P.O. Box 2000, Sacramento, CA 95812-2000

Info: (916) 341-5300, FAX: (916) 341-5400, Web: http://www.waterrights.ca.gov

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION FOR PETITIONS

(THIS IS NOT A CEQA DOCUMENT)

APPLICATION NO. 17121

PERMIT NO. 11039

LICENSE NO.

The following information will aid in the environmental review of your change petition as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). <u>IN ORDER FOR YOUR CHANGE PETITION TO BE ACCEPTED AS COMPLETED, ANSWERS TO THE QUESTIONS LISTED BELOW MUST BE COMPLETED TO THE BEST OF YOUR ABILITY</u>. Failure to answer all questions may result in your change petition being returned to you, causing delays in processing. If you need more space, attach additional sheets. Additional information may be required from you to amplify further or clarify the information requested in this form.

Provide a description of the proposed changes to your project, including but not limited to, type

DISCRIPTION OF CHANGES TO PROJECT

None - Petitio	n is fo	r extensio	n of	time	only	for	the	City's	Gaunt	:lett
well fields.					- 111					
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										<u> </u>

GOVERNMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Before a final decision can be made on your change petition, we must consider the information contained in an environmental document prepared in compliance with the requirements of CEQA. If an environmental document has been prepared for your proposed changes by another agency, we must consider it. If one has not been prepared, a determination must be made as to who is responsible for the preparation of the environmental document for your change petition. The following questions are designed to aid us in that determination.

 Contact your county planning or public works department for the following informs a. Person contacted <u>Sigrid Swedenborg</u> Date of contact <u>3/21/20</u> 				
		Department Permit & Resource Mgt. DeptFelephone (707) 565-1914		
	ъ.	Assessor's Parcel No. 091-040-100		
	c,	County Zoning Designation RRD-B8 (Resources & Rural Dev/Frozen Lot Size)		
	Are any county permits required for your proposed changes? No If yes, check appropriate space below:			
		Grading Permit, Use Permit, Watercourse Obstruction Permit, Change of Zoning, General Plan Change, Other (explain):		
	e.	Have you obtained any of the required permits described above? N/A If yes, provide a complete copy of each permit obtained.		
3.	from Soi Rec whi	e any additional state or federal permits required for your proposed changes? No (i.e., in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, I Conservation Service, Department of Water Resources (Division of Safety of Dams), clamation Board, Coastal Commission, State Lands Commission, etc.) For each agency from ich a permit is required provide the following information: mit type N/A		
		son (s) contacted Agency		
		e of contact Telephone ()		
Į.		any public agency prepared an environmental document for any aspect of your proposed nges? No		
	the : expe	o, please submit a copy of the latest environmental document (s) prepared, including a copy of notice of determination adopted by the public agency. If not, explain below whether you ect that a public agency other than the State Water Resources Control Board will be preparing environmental document for your change petition or whether the applicant, if it is a California lic agency, will be preparing the environmental document for your change petition:		

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	Note: When completed, please submit a copy of the final environmental document (including notice of determination) or notice of exemption to the State Water Resources Control Board. Processing of your change petition cannot proceed until such documents are submitted.
	Will your proposed changes, during construction or operation, generate waste or wastewater containing such things as sewage, industrial chemicals, metals, or agricultural chemicals, or
	cause erosion, turbidity or sedimentation? No If so, explain:
	If yes or you are unsure of your answer, contact your local Regional Water Quality Control Bo for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number):
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number):
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted Date of contact
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted Date of contact What method of treatment and disposal will be used? N/A Have any archeological reports been prepared on this project, or will you be preparing an
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted
	for the following information (See attachment for address and telephone number): Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted
5.	Will a waste discharge permit be required for your petition? No - No discharge Person contacted

7. Attach <u>THREE COMPLETE SETS</u> of color photographs, clearly dated and labeled, showing the vegetation currently existing at the following locations:

- a. Along the stream channel immediately downstream from the proposed point(s) of diversion
- b. Along the stream channel immediately upstream from the proposed point(s) of diversion
- c. At the place(s) where the water is to be used

 Note: It is very important that you submit no less than three complete sets of photographs as required above. If less than three sets are submitted, processing of your change petition will be delayed until you furnish the remaining sets!
- 8. From the list given below, mark or circle the general plant community types which best describe those which occur within you project area (Note: See footnote denoted by * under Question 11 below):

Tree Dominated Communities

Subalpine Conifer

Red Fir

Lodgepole Pine

Mixed Conifer

Sierran Mixed Conifer

White Fir

Klamath Mixed Conifer

Douglas-Fir

Jeffrey Pine

Ponderosa Pine

Eastside Pine

Redwood

Pinyon-Juniper

Juniper

Aspen

Closed-Cone Pine-Cypress

Montane Hardwood-Conifer

Montane Hardwood

Valley Foothill Hardwood

Blue Oak Woodland

Valley Oak Woodland

Coastal Oak Woodland

Valley Foothill Hardwood-Conifer

Blue Oak-Digger Pine

Eucalyptus

Montane Riparian

Valley Foothill Riparian

Desert Riparian

Palm Oasis

Joshua Tree

Shrub Dominated Communities

Alpine Dwarf-Shrub

Low Sage

Bitterbrush

Sagebrush

Montane Chaparral

→ Mixed Chaparral

Chamise-Redshank Chaparral

Coastal Scrub

Desert Succulent Shrub

Desert Wash

Desert Scrub

Alkali Desert Scrub

Herbaceous Dominated Communities

Annual Grassland

Perennial Grassland

Wet Meadow

Fresh Emergent Wetland

Saline Emergent Wetland

Pasture

Aquatic Communities

* Riverine

Lacustrine

Estuarine

Marine

Developed Communities

Cropland

Orchard-Vineyard

₩ Urban

Literature source: Mayer, K.E., and W.F. Laudenslayer, Jr., (eds). 1988. A Guide to Wildlife Habitats of California. California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Sacramento. 166 pp. (Note: You may view a copy of this document qt our public counter at the address given

	and Game, Wildlife Habitat Relationships (WHR) Program at (916) 653-7203).
9.	Provide below an estimate of the type, number, and size (trunk/stem diameter at chest height) of trees and large shrubs that are planned to be removed or destroyed due to implementation of the proposed changes. Consider all aspects of your change petition, including changes in diversion structures, water distribution and use facilities, and changes in the place of use due to additional water development.
	None
•	
	water and discuss whether or not any of these fish species or their habitat has been or would be affected by your proposed changes. (Note: See footnote denoted by * under Question 11 below):
	Please see attachment listing "Fishes and Special - Status Aquatic Species
	of the Russian River Drainage" (from Sonoma County Water Agency September 1996
	Water Supply and Transmission System Project Draft EIR, Chapter 56,
	isheries Resources"). Because this is an extention of time only, none of
t	hese species would be affected by the proposed change.
	Identify the typical species of riparian and terrestrial wildlife in the area and discuss whether or not any of these species and/or their habitat has been or would be affected by your proposed changes through construction of additional water diversion and distribution works and/or changes in land use in the place of water use. (Note: See footnote denoted by * below):
Se	ee attached listing wildlife found in the "Valley Foothil Riparian"
	abitat typical of the Russian River riparian area near the points of

diversion (from July 1996 "Santa Rosa Subregional Long-term Wastewater
Project" Draft EIR, Section 4.8, Terrestrial BIological Resources).
Since no physical alteration is proposed, none of these species would
be affected.
*Note: The purposes of Question 10 and 11 are to provide a preliminary assessment of the presence of typical plant and animal species in the area and whether these species might be affected by your proposed changes. Detailed site surveys to quantify populations of specific species or determine the presence of rare or endangered species may be required at a later date. It is very important that you answer these questions accurately. If you are unable to obtain appropriate answers from your local California Department of Fish and Game biologists (See attachment for address and telephone number) or you do not have adequate information or expertise to complete your answers, you should hire a fishery consultant and/or a wildlife consultant to review your project and prepare suitable answers for you. For information on available qualified fishery or wildlife consultants near you, consult your local telephone directory yellow pages under Environmental and Ecological Services, or call the California Environmental Protection Agency, Registered Environmental Assessor (REA) Program, at (916) 324-6881 or the University of California, Cooperative Extension Service (See your local telephone directory white pages). 12. Do your proposed changes involve any construction or grading-related activity which has significantly altered or would significantly alter the bed or bank of any stream or lake? No If so, explain:
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the statements I have furnished above and in the attached exhibits are complete to the best of my ability, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
Date 3/25/03 Signature Sum

Common Name

Scientific Name

Fishes		
American shad		Alosa sapidissima
Black crappie		Pomoxis nigromaculatus
Bluegill		Lepomis macrochirus
Brown bullhead		Ictalurus nebulosus
Brown trout		Salmo trutta
California roach	N	Hesperoleucus symmetricus
Сагр		Cyprinus carpio
Channel catfish		Ictalurus punctatus
Chinook salmon	+N	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Coastrange sculpin	N	Cottus aleuticus
Coho salmon	N	Oncorhynchus kisuteh
Green sturgeon	N	Acipenser medirostris
Green sunfish		Lepomis cyanellus
Hardhead	N	Mylopharodon conocephalus
Hitch	N	Lavinia exilicauda
Largemouth bass		Micropterus salmoides
Mississippi silversides		Menidia audens
Mosquitofish /		Gambusia affinis
Pacific brook lamprey	N	Lampetra pacifica
Pacific lamprey	N	Lampetra tridentata
Prickly sculpin	N	Cottus asper
Rainbow trout (steelhead)	N	Oncorhynchus mykiss
Redear sunfish		Lepomis microlophus
Riffle sculpin	N	Cottus gulosus
Sacramento blackfish	+N	Orthodon microlepidotus
Sacramento perch	N	Archoplites interruptus
Sacramento splittail	N	Pogonichthys macrolepidotus
Sacramento squawfish	N	Ptychocheilus grandis
Sacramento sucker	N	Catostomus occidentalis
Smallmouth bass		Micropterus dolomieui
Striped bass		Morone saxatilis
Threadfin shad		Dorosoma petenense
Threespine stickleback	N	Gasterosteus aculeatus ssp.
Russian River tule perch	*N	Hysterocarpus traski pomo
White catfish	•	Ictalurus catus
White sturgeon	N	Acipenser transmontanus
Other Species		
California freshwater shrimp	*N	Syncaris pacifica
Foothill yellow-legged frog	*N ?	Rana boylei
Red-legged frog	*N ?	Rana aurora
Northwestern pond turtle	*N	Clemmys marmorata marmorata

Notes: N = native species.

+ = native status in Russian River uncertain.

* = special-status species.

? = presence of species in Russian River basin is uncertain.

Source: California Department of Fish and Game 1972.



DRAFT EIR/EIS

Valley Foothill Riparian

Riparian woodland can support more species (i.e., more than 250 species) than any other terrestrial habitat type in the Area of Indirect Impacts (Grenfell 1988). Riparian woodland provides abundant food, cover, and breeding sites for wildlife in close proximity to water. These factors and the structural diversity of riparian woodland are largely responsible for the high productivity of this habitat type. Bird species that are characteristic of this habitat include California quail, mourning dove, Nuttall's woodpecker (*Picoides nuttallii*), black phoebe (*Sayornis nigricans*), western wood-pewee (*Contopus sordidulus*), California towhee (*Pipilo crissalis*), and song sparrow. A number of these species nest or roost in riparian woodland and feed in adjacent habitat types, such as annual grassland and agricultural fields. Riparian woodlands also provide important feeding, resting, and nesting habitat for neotropical migrant songbirds such as warblers, vireos, grosbeaks, and flycatchers.

Mammals found within riparian woodland habitat may include opossum, raccoon, deer mouse, broad-footed mole (*Scapanus latimanus*), striped skunk, gray fox, and ringtail. Amphibians and reptiles that are likely to occur in this community include California newt (*Taricha torosa*), western toad (*Bufo boreas*), Pacific tree frog, common king snake, western aquatic garter snake, and western skink.

Riparian woodlands also provide nesting and foraging habitat for a variety of special-status wildlife species including Cooper's hawk, yellow warbler, white-tailed kite, and yellow-breasted chat. Although there are historical nesting records for long-eared owl along the Russian River in Sonoma County, this species is currently only a rare fall and winter visitor to riparian habitat within the County (Burridge 1995).

In addition to providing high value wildlife habitat, riparian corridors provide local movement corridors between fragmented habitat patches, and necessary habitat for migrant wildlife species such as neotropical migrant songbirds. Due to the value and scarcity of riparian woodlands, on both a state and region-wide scale, they are considered a sensitive habitat type and monitored closely by the California Department of Fish and Game.

The valley foothill riparian habitat is found in association with riverine, grassland, (annual and perennial), coastal oak woodland, and agricultural habitats. The transition to a non-riparian habitat is usually abrupt, especially in agricultural areas. At higher elevations valley foothill riparian habitat intergrades with montane riparian habitat.

Eucalyptus

The lack of plant species diversity within the eucalyptus wildlife habitat results in a corresponding limited wildlife species diversity. Wildlife species that inhabit





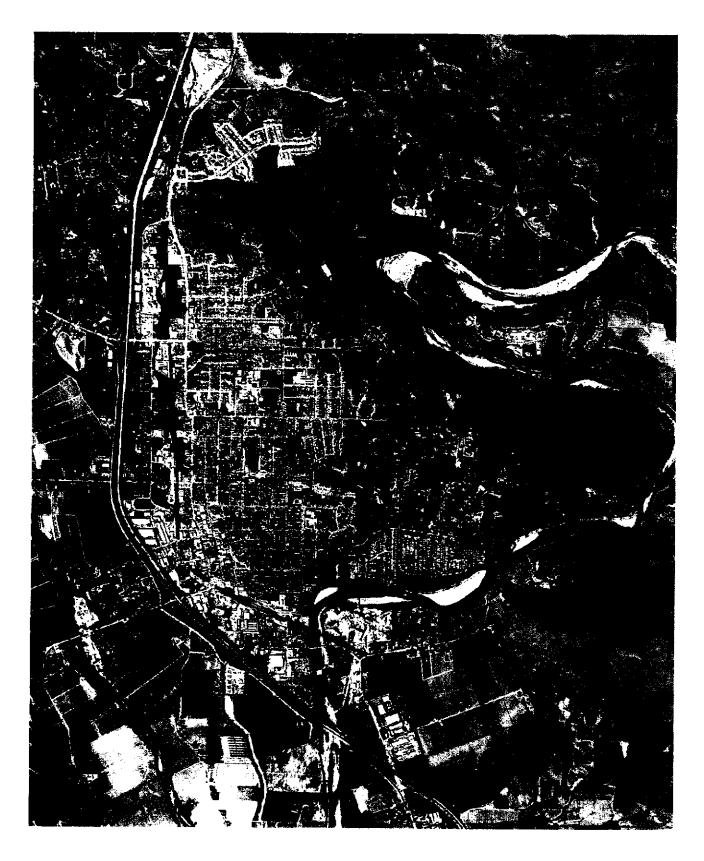
Healdsburg Gauntlett Well Field And Surrounding Area. (Application 17121)
Photo date 3/2001



Upstream of Gauntlett Well Field (Application 17121)
Photo Date 3-20-2003



Downstream of Gauntlett Well Field (Application 17121)
Photo Date 3-20-2003



Area Served By Fitch and Gauntlett Fields (Applications 13217 and 17121)
Photo Date 3/2001